

IN THE UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT  
EASTERN DISTRICT OF TENNESSEE  
AT KNOXVILLE

UNITED STATES OF AMERICA,	)	
	)	
Plaintiff,	)	
	)	
v.	)	No. 3:09-CR-64
	)	
ESTHER ELIZABETH McCALEBB-PIPPENS,	)	(PHILLIPS/GUYTON)
	)	
Defendant.	)	

**REPORT AND RECOMMENDATION**

Counsel for Defendant Esther Elizabeth McCalebb-Pippens, who has been appointed pursuant to the Criminal Justice Act, 18 U.S.C. § 3006A, has moved by way of her Motion to Classify Case as Complex for Interim Payment as to Defendant Esther Elizabeth McCalebb-Pippens [Doc. 161], for a waiver of the case compensation maximum limit and for interim payment of attorney compensation. The Criminal Justice Act and the Guide to Judiciary Policy provides for a maximum compensation limit of \$9,700 for each attorney in a non-capital case charging one or more felonies. 18 U.S.C. § 3006A(d)(2) (providing that the case compensation maximums shall increase “simultaneously” with changes in the hourly rate); 7 Guide to Judiciary Policy, Chapter 2-Appointment and Payment of Counsel, §§ 230.23.10(h), 230.23.20(a) (hereinafter Guide). Payment in excess of the \$9,700 limit may be allowed if the court certifies that the amount of the excess payment is necessary to provide fair compensation and the payment is approved by the chief judge of the circuit or her designee. 18 U.S.C. § 3006A(d)(3).

In the present case, counsel requests that the case be declared extended and complex due to the number of Defendants involved, the fact that the crimes occurred in two or more states,

and the need to research Michigan law and the inventory policies of the Michigan State Police with regard to Defendant's suppression motion. Counsel asserts that the time necessary for preparation of the suppression motion and of the case as a whole has been abnormally lengthy due to these factors. Accordingly, counsel argues that the case qualifies as complex and that interim payments are warranted. Although the Government has not responded to the instant motion, it did not oppose [Doc. 167] Codefendant Ronald Thompson-Bey's identical request that the case be deemed extended and complex for purposes of attorney compensation.

The following regulation is pertinent to the question of whether or not the \$9,700 maximum on compensation should be waived:

(a) Overview

Payments in excess of CJA compensation maximums may be made to provide fair compensation in cases involving extended **or** complex representation when so certified by the court or U.S. magistrate judge and approved by the chief judge of the circuit (or by an active or senior circuit judge to whom excess compensation approval authority has been delegated).

(b) Extended or Complex Cases

The approving judicial officer should first make a threshold determination as to whether the case **is either** extended or complex.

-If the legal or factual issues in a case are unusual, thus requiring the expenditure of more time, skill, and effort by the lawyer than would normally be required in an average case, the case is "complex."

-If more time is reasonably required for total processing than the average case, including pre-trial and post-trial hearings, the case is "extended."

(c) Determining Fair Compensation

After establishing that a case is extended or complex, the approving judicial officer should determine if excess payment is necessary to provide fair compensation. The following criteria, among others, may be useful in this regard:

- responsibilities involved measured by the magnitude and importance of the case;

- manner in which duties were performed;

- knowledge, skill, efficiency, professionalism, and judgment required of and used by counsel;

- nature of counsel's practice and injury thereto;

- any extraordinary pressure of time or other factors under which services were rendered; and

- any other circumstances relevant and material to a determination of a fair and reasonable fee.

7 Guide, Chapter 2, § 230.23.40. "Case compensation limits apply only to attorney fees." 7 Guide, Chapter 2, § 230.23.10(d). There is no limit on the presiding judge's authority to reimburse counsel's **expenses** except as to compensation for investigators and other experts. 18 U.S.C. § 3006A(e); 7 Guide, Chapter 2, §§ 230.23.10(d), 230.63.10.

In this case, Defendant McCalebb-Pippins was charged [Doc. 78] with conspiring with ten named codefendants to distribute and to possess with intent to distribute one hundred grams or more of heroin from October 2008 to May 15, 2009. At this point, all of the Defendants in this case have entered guilty pleas. Although Defendant McCalebb-Pipins has likewise entered a change of plea, she did not do so until August 23, 2010, following the litigation of her and Codefendant Thompson-Bey's related suppression motions. The events underlying this case took place in the Eastern District of Tennessee and Detroit, Michigan. The traffic stop which led to the discovery of

the controlled substances that the Defendant sought to suppress occurred outside of Detroit, Michigan. On March 23, 2010, Defendant McCaleb-Pippens requested leave to file a suppression motion [Doc. 212-1] out of time. The Court permitted the motion [Doc. 217] and held a hearing on it on April 23, 2010. The undersigned issued a Report and Recommendation [Doc. 245] on May 24, 2010, recommending that the suppression motion be denied. The District Court accepted [Doc. 253] the Report and Recommendation on July 23, 2010.

This Court has declared [Doc. 182] the case to be “complex” for purposes of the Speedy Trial Act based upon the number of defendants involved in this case, the nature of the prosecution including the allegations that the underlying events occurred in multiple districts, and the existence of novel questions of law. 18 U.S.C. § 3161(h)(7)(B)(ii). Additionally, the Court has already found [Doc. 196] this case to be extended and complex for purposes of attorney compensation with regard to Codefendant Thompson-Bey. With regard to Defendant McCaleb-Pippens, the Court finds that the preparation and litigation of the suppression motion required “more time, skill, and effort” on the part of defense counsel than typically required in the average case, rendering the case “complex.” See 7 Guide, Chapter 2, §230.23.40(b). Moreover, this case has reasonably required more time for pretrial proceedings than the typical case, making it “extended.” See id.

Because of the number of Defendants, the nature of the charges asserted in the indictment, and the extensive nature of the pretrial litigation in this case, it is the opinion of the undersigned that this case meets the definition of being both “complex” and “extended” as set out above and that excess payment may well be necessary to provide fair compensation to counsel. See 7 Guide, Chapter 2, § 230.23.40(c). Of course, each voucher will be scrutinized by the Court and

a determination will be made as to whether a fair and reasonable fee is claimed. The Defendant is presently set to be sentenced on December 13, 2010. It is also the Court's opinion that it is necessary and appropriate to approve interim payments to counsel for fees and out-of-pocket expenses. See 7 Guide, Chapter 2, § 230.73.10.

For the reasons indicated, it is **RECOMMENDED** that the District Court sign and forward the attached "Memorandum and Order Concerning Excess and Interim Payments" to the chief judge of the circuit or her designee. This procedure is approved in Chapter 2 and Appendix 2C to the Guide to Judiciary Policy. If the chief judge or her designee approves the request, the regulations provide that the Court should then take the following steps:

- (1) The Memorandum and Order Concerning Excess and Interim Payments should be filed with the clerk; and
- (2) A copy of that document should also be sent to the CJA claims coordinator at the Criminal Justice Act Claims Section, Financial Management Division, Administrative Office, United States Courts.

Also, counsel seeking excess and interim payments should take the following steps:

- (1) Form CJA 20 should be submitted with full documentation of all expenses claimed on the voucher;
- (2) A number should be assigned to each voucher processed for payment;
- (3) Item 19 of Form CJA 20 must be completed to indicate the time period covered by the voucher and whether it is for the final payment or for an interim payment; and
- (4) The final voucher should:
  - (a) set forth in detail the time and expenses claimed for the entire case;
  - (b) reflect all compensation and reimbursement previously received;

(c) show the net amount remaining to be paid; and

(d) be approved by the chief judge of the circuit or her designee if the total claim for the case is in excess of the statutory limits.

7 Guide, Part A-Guidelines for Administering the CJA and Related Statutes, Appendix 2C.

### **CONCLUSION**

For the reasons indicated, it is **RECOMMENDED** that the Motion to Classify Case as Complex and for Interim Payment as to Defendant Esther Elizabeth McCaleb-Pippins [Doc. 260] be granted pursuant to the procedures in the Guide to Judiciary Policy and as set out above.<sup>1</sup>

**IT IS SO ORDERED.**

Respectfully submitted,

s/ H. Bruce Guyton  
United States Magistrate Judge

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<sup>1</sup>Any objections to this report and recommendation must be served and filed within fourteen (14) days after service of a copy of this recommended disposition on the objecting party. Fed. R. Crim. P. 59(b)(2) (as amended). Failure to file objections within the time specified waives the right to review by the District Court. Fed. R. Crim. P. 59(b)(2); see United States v. Branch, 537 F.3d 582, 587 (6th. Cir. 2008); see also Thomas v. Arn, 474 U.S. 140, 155 (1985) (providing that failure to file objections in compliance with the required time period waives the right to appeal the District Court's order). The District Court need not provide de novo review where objections to this report and recommendation are frivolous, conclusive, or general. Mira v. Marshall, 806 F.2d 636, 637 (6th Cir. 1986). Only specific objections are reserved for appellate review. Smith v. Detroit Federation of Teachers, 829 F.2d 1370, 1373 (6th Cir. 1987).